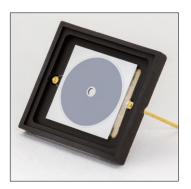


Photodiode 63 mm²



FEATURES

- Circular Active Area
- Ideal for Electron Detection
- High Speed
- Hole in Center of Detector

Electro-Optical Characteristics at 25°C

Parameters	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Active Area	Ф9 mm		63		mm ²
Responsivity	(see graphs on next page)				A/W
Reverse Breakdown Voltage, V_R	I _R = 1 μΑ	160			Volts
Capacitance, C	V _R = 0 V		1	10	nF
Capacitance, C	V _R = 150 V		85		pF
Rise Time	$V_{R} = 150 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 50 \Omega$			9	nsec
Dark Current	V _R = 150 V			100	nA

Thermal Parameters

Storage and Operating Temperature Range	Units		
Ambient ¹	-10°C to 40°C		
Nitrogen or Vacuum	-20°C to 80°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature ²	260°C		

¹ Temperatures exceeding these parameters may create oxide growth on the active area. Over time responsivity to low energy radiation and wavelengths below 150 nm will be compromised.

 $^{2}\,0.080"$ from case for 10 seconds.

Shipped with temporary cover to protect the photodiode array and wire bonds.

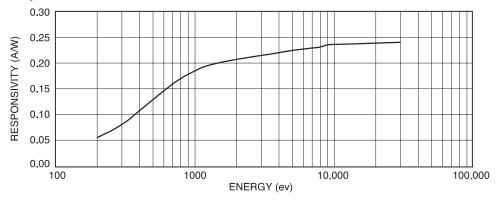
Review the Application Note, "Handling Precautions for AXUV, SXUV, and UVG Detectors", prior to removing cover.



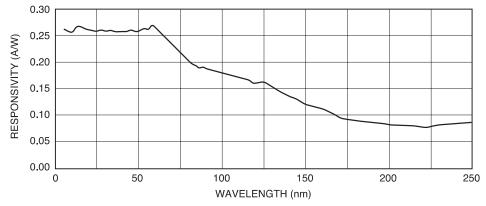
From Deep UV to Mid-IR

Photodiode 63 mm²

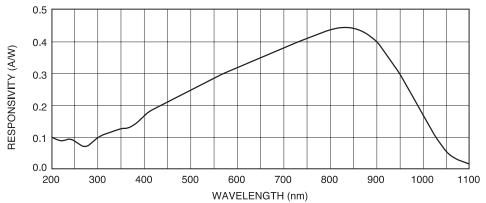
Typical Electron Response



Typical EUV-UV Photon Response

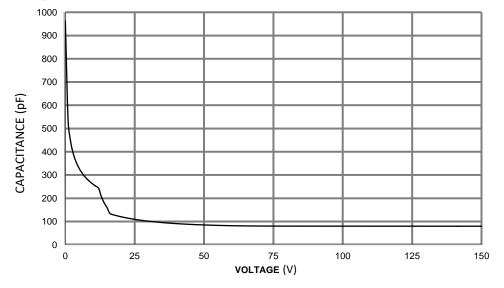


Typical UV-VIS-NIR Photon Responsivity

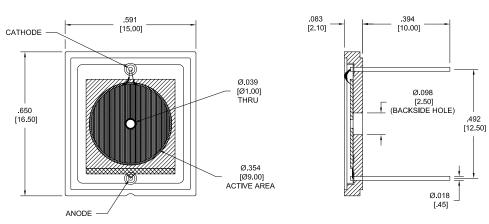




Capacitance vs. Voltage



Package Information



Dimensions are in inch [metric] units.

Specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

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